

Registered Nursing Associate Scope of Practice Policy

This is a working document and will be subject to regular updates as the role of the Registered Nursing Associate embeds into practice – the latest version will always be on the Trust Intranet.

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Type of Policy	Clinical	Non Clinical	



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1.0 Quick Look Summary

This policy sets out Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trusts scope of practice for the registered nursing associate (RNA) role. The policy defines the range of functions, responsibilities, and activities which the registered nursing associate is educated and authorised to perform.

The registered nursing associate is an integrated generic nursing role that bridges the gap between healthcare support workers (HCSWs) and registered nurses. It is a standalone role that provides a progression route into graduate level nursing. Registered nursing associates are trained to work with people of all ages and in a variety of settings in health and social care.

Registered nursing associates are **registered professionals** who are **academically qualified** and **registered with a professional body** (NMC).

Registered nursing associates will work to the NMC Code and Standards of Proficiency and are subject to the same regulatory requirements including revalidation and fitness to practice.

Like nurses and other health professionals, registered nursing associates can expand their scope of practice through further education and experience. This will usually be after a period of consolidation and preceptorship which supports the transition from trainee to registered professional.

Appendices 1 – 4 demonstrate the clinical activities agreed to be in scope of practice for the registered nursing associate at point of registration, and after further training/competency assessment and skills not to be undertaken in the role.

PLEASE NOTE THAT THIS LIST IS DESIGNED TO ACT AS A QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO REPLACE THE NEED TO READ THE FULL POLICY



1.1 Version Control and Summary of Changes

Version number	Date	Comments
		Version 1, with thanks to UHL who have shared
1	7/05/19	their Scope of Practice Policy, this has been
		amended to scope practice within LPT.
		Changes made specifically relating to NAs scope of
1.2	28/05/19	practice in the Diana service, CRISIS team and
		safeguarding responsibilities.
	14/06/19	Changes made specifically related to Nursing
1.3		Associates within Healthy Together
1.4	04/11/19	Updates made to AMH/LD specific skills Appendix 3
2	17/08/23	Changes made specifically relating to NAs scope of
		practice in Community Health Services, policy
		transferred to new template

1.2 Key individuals involved in developing and consulting on the document.

Name	Designation
Accountable Director	Anne Scott, Director of Nursing, AHPs and Quality
Author(s)	Jane Martin, Assistant Director, Nursing & Quality
Implementation Lead	
Core policy reviewer group	
Wider consultation	Heads and Deputy Heads of Nursing
	Head of Learning and Development
	Practice Learning Team
	Matron for Safe Staffing and Workforce
	Lead Nurse and AHP Group
	Professional Standards Learning Group
	All Band 7 staff

1.3 Governance

Level 2 or 3 approving delivery group	Level 1 Committee to ratify policy
Professional Standards Learning Group	Strategic Workforce Group

1.4 Equality Statement

Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trust (LPT) aims to design and implement policy documents that meet the diverse needs of our service, population and workforce, ensuring that none are placed at a disadvantage over others. It takes into account the provisions of the Equality Act 2010 and promotes equal opportunities for all. This document has been assessed to ensure that no one receives less favourable treatment on the protected characteristics of their age, disability, sex (gender), gender reassignment, sexual orientation, marriage and civil partnership, race, religion or belief, pregnancy and maternity.

1.5 Due Regard

LPT will ensure that Due regard for equality is taken and as such will undertake an analysis of equality (assessment of impact) on existing and new policies in line with the Equality Act 2010. This process will help to ensure that:

- Strategies, policies and procedures and services are free from discrimination.
- LPT complies with current equality legislation.
- Due regard is given to equality in decision making and subsequent processes.
- Opportunities for promoting equality are identified.

Please refer to due regard assessment (Appendix 7) of this policy



1.5 Definitions that apply to this Policy.

Registered Nursing Associate (NA)	Nursing associates are members of the nursing team who have gained a Nursing Associate Foundation Degree awarded by the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC) approved provider, typically involving two years of higher-level study, enabling them to perform more complex and significant tasks than a healthcare assistant but not the same scope as a registered nurse. This role is being used and regulated in England and it is intended to address a skills gap between Health Care Assistants/Support Workers and Registered Nurses. 'Nursing associate' is a protected title in law.	
Trainee Nursing	A Trainee Nursing Associate is a staff member undergoing a minimum of 2 years training leading to a Foundation Degree Apprenticeship as a	
Associates (TNA's)	Nursing Associate. It is a training programme that combines both academic and work-based learning in the physical, psychological and public health aspects of care from pre-conception to end of life	
Registered	Where the policy states Registered Nurse, this includes; Registered	
Nurse	General Nurse, Registered Mental Nurse, Health Visitor, Public Health Nurse and School Nurse.	
LCAT	Leicestershire Clinical Assessment Tool	
NMC	Nursing and Midwifery Council - regulators of the nursing and midwifery professions ensuring nurses, midwives and nursing associate have the skills they need to care for people safely, with integrity, expertise, respect and compassion, from the moment they step into their first job.	
Scope of Practice	Is defined as the range of roles, functions, responsibilities, and activities which the individual is educated and authorised to perform	

2.0. Purpose and Introduction

2.1 Purpose

This policy sets out Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trusts scope of practice for the registered nursing associate (RNA) role. The policy defines the range of functions, responsibilities, and activities which the registered nursing associate is educated and authorised to perform.

This policy applies to:

- Registered Nursing Associates
- Registered Nurses and Therapists who work alongside Nursing Associates
- Line Managers of the Nursing Associate
- Heads of Nursing and Deputy Heads of Nursing
- Matrons, Ward Sisters and Charge Nurses

By adhering to this policy it will allow the trust to meet the requirements of:

- Nursing and Midwifery Council (2018a) Standards of Proficiency for Nursing Associates,
 - London, NMC
- Nursing and Midwifery Council (2018b) *The Code*, London, NMC.



2.2 Introduction

The registered nursing associate is an integrated generic nursing role that bridges the gap between healthcare support workers (HCSWs) and registered nurses. It is a stand-alone role that provides a progression route into graduate level nursing. Registered nursing associates are trained to work with people of all ages and in a variety of settings in health and social care.

Registered nursing associates are **registered professionals** who are **academically qualified** and **registered with a professional body** (NMC). The nursing associate role contributes to retention of HCSW, releasing capacity of registered nurses to focus on more complex cases, pathway of career development to become a registered nurse and/or development opportunity for HCSW, reducing vacancies and temporary workforce cost.

The NMC Standards of Proficiency for entry onto the register (NMC 2018a) provide a baseline expectation of competence; it is the responsibility of individual organisations to set additional competency standards for the registered nursing associate role. The scope of practice continues to develop in accordance with the care needs of patients, training and in line with organisations across the UK.

This policy has been produced to provide a framework for the safe development of the registered nursing associate scope of practice.

Registered nursing associates will work to the NMC Code and Standards of Proficiency and are subject to the same regulatory requirements including revalidation and fitness to practice.

University Hospitals of Leicester (UHL) has a School of Nursing Associates and provides the training programme for the Nursing Associate role for Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland. The programme is work-based with the trainee working in their clinical area whilst undertaking study days and alternative clinical placements as part of an apprenticeship programme. The programme is accredited by De Montfort University and is a foundation degree.

This policy will require frequent updating on the scope of practice as the role evolves, staff must ensure they are reading the most up to date version which will be in the Policy and Guideline section accessed via the Intranet.

3.0 Policy requirements

Scope of Practice is: Practice in which the registered nursing associate is educated, competent and authorised to perform either at the point of registration or post registration. The NMC have set out what a registered nursing associate should know and be able to do when they join the register via the Standards of Proficiency (NMC 2018a).

Whilst registered nursing associates will contribute to most aspects of nursing care, including delivery and monitoring, registered nurses will take the lead on assessment, planning and evaluation. Registered nurses will also lead on managing and coordinating care with full contribution from the registered nursing associate within the integrated care team.



The standards and the differences between the two roles are summarised by the table produced by the NMC below:

Nursing associate	Registered nurse Midwifer 7 platforms	
Be an accountable professional	Be an accountable professional	
Promoting health and preventing ill health	Promoting health and preventing ill health	
Provide and monitor care	Provide and evaluate care	
Working in teams	Leading and managing nursing care and working in teams	
Improving safety and quality of care	Improving safety and quality of care	
Contributing to integrated care	Coordinating care	
	Assessing needs and planning care	

Figure 1 NMC (2019)

Like nurses and other health professionals, registered nursing associates can expand their scope of practice through further education and experience. This will usually be after a period of consolidation and Preceptorship which supports the transition from trainee to registered professional.

Appendix 2 presents the clinical activities agreed to be in scope of practice for the registered nursing associate at point of registration (including NMC Proficiencies)

Any additional proficiencies / skills / standards not required for registration will be considered within post registration scope of practice. Some proficiencies / skills / standards may have been taught pre-registration depending on the service needs of the base area and / or exposure during alternative clinical placements. Registered nursing associates will be able to continue practicing these skills following assessment in practice.

Some proficiencies / skills / standards will require further education and competency assessment and be supported through the job description and Trust policies or guidelines. As yet there is no local or national definitive list for this, and advice must be sought from the Assistant Director of Nursing and Quality regarding scope whilst the role is developing.

The challenge whilst embedding this role is to ensure a degree of reasonableness and consistency, ensuring that the registered nursing associate has the necessary underpinning theory and competence for safe practice and to fulfil their role in supporting the registered nurse whilst acknowledging the role is a registered professional in its own right.

Medicines administration by registered nursing associates is a required proficiency; however, there are restrictions to their practice compared to the registered nurse. All newly registered nursing associates are required to undertake an assessment following a period of supervised practice and complete a medicines workbook prior to undertaking medicines administration. Appendix 1 outlines the Standard Operating Procedure for Nursing Associate medicines administration.



As registered professionals, registered nursing associates are individually accountable for their own professional conduct and practice. It is likely that registered nursing associates will typically work under the direction of a registered nurse or registered professional but may not require direct supervision. They will also be able to support, supervise and act as a role model to trainee nursing associates (TNAs), supervise first year student nurses, healthcare support workers and those new to care roles.

Approval of additional proficiencies / skills / standards post registration that require further formal education and skills assessment must be by the head of nursing/deputy head of nursing in partnership with the assistant director of nursing and quality and be signed off by the director of nursing, AHPs and quality at the Lead Nurse and Therapy meeting. Education and competency assessment requirements must be clearly identified and agreed, supported by policy or guidelines and the proficiency / skill / standard added to the job description.

Appendices 2, 3, 4 and 5 provide details on the clinical activities within and outside scope of practice; these are live documents and will be updated as the role develops.

Newly registered nursing associates will not be able to work on the bank as an RNA during the first six months of their preceptorship in line with newly registered nurses.

Care must also be taken when moving areas to cover staff shortages during the preceptorship period as the newly registered nursing associate's scope of practice may be affected by working within a different and unfamiliar clinical environment.

4.0 Duties within the Organisation

Policy, Guideline or Procedure / Protocol Author

The Assistant Director of Nursing and Quality is responsible for;

- a) Setting the vision for the registered nursing associate role and ensuring the scope of practice is reflective of workforce development and clinical need.
- b) Supporting heads of nursing and deputy heads of nursing in identifying areas where the registered nursing associate role could be included as part of the workforce supporting the registered nurse in the delivery of care.
- c) Ensuring scope of practice is discussed and agreed as part of the workforce plan, including governance arrangements, education and training and the skill / task is reflected in the job description.
- d) Working with heads of nursing and deputy heads of nursing if any concerns or issues are raised where a registered nursing associate might be working outside of scope of practice.

Lead Director

- a) Responsible for ensuring that this policy is carried out effectively and the registered nursing associate scope of practice is managed effectively across the organisation.
- b) Will communicate, disseminate, and ensure Directorates commence implementation of the policy and provide assurance through the Trust's Quality Governance Framework

Directors. Heads of Service

Directors and Heads of Service within directorates are responsible for delivering the registered nursing associate scope of practice in the work areas they have.

Heads of Nursing / Deputy Heads of Nursing are responsible for:

- a) Implementing the role of registered nursing associate where possible within their clinical areas
- b) Supporting creative workforce plans to utilise the role to its full potential.



- c) Ensuring their clinical areas understand and work to the role boundaries and scope of practice for registered nursing associates.
- d) Implementing governance and monitoring procedures for the effectiveness of the role
- e) Supporting the development of policies and guidelines that support scope of practice within their clinical areas.

Senior Managers, Matrons and Team Leads

Matron/Ward Sister/Charge Nurse or Line Manager is responsible for:

- a) Supporting the registered nursing associate in their development of competence and skills
- b) Identifying areas where the role will complement the nursing workforce.
- c) Effective rostering and deployment of staff to ensure quality of care and patient safety.

Staff

The registered nursing associate is responsible for always working within the agreed scope of practice and being accountable for their actions as set out in the NMC Code (2018b).

Responsibility of Clinical Staff

- a) Each individual member of staff, substantive, temporary worker and volunteer within the Trust is responsible for complying with this policy.
- b) Each individual member of staff has a responsibility to support the registered nursing associate in their role.

Consent

- Clinical staff must ensure that consent has been sought and obtained before any care, intervention or treatment described in this policy is delivered. Consent can be given orally and/ or in writing. Someone could also give non-verbal consent as long as they understand the treatment or care about to take place. Consent must be voluntary and informed, and the person consenting must have the capacity to make the decision.
- In the event that the patient's capacity to consent is in doubt, clinical staff must ensure that a mental capacity assessment is completed and recorded. Someone with an impairment of or a disturbance in the functioning of the mind or brain is thought to lack the mental capacity to give informed consent if they cannot do one of the following:
 - Understand information about the decision.
 - Remember that information.
 - Use the information to make the decision.
 - Communicate the decision.

5.0 Monitoring Compliance and Effectiveness

This is a 'live' Policy and is monitored through LPT's registered nursing associate meeting and professional standards learning group. Nursing associates is part of six-monthly safe staffing report to Qualiy and Safety Committee.



Page/Section	Minimum Requirements to monitor	Process for Monitoring	Responsible Individual /Group	Frequency of monitoring
	Additions to scope	Review of policy and requirements are met to extend scope	LPT registered nursing associate meeting	6 weekly
	Additions to scope	As above	Professional standards learning group	Bi-monthly
	Recruitment	Numbers of nursing associates in post, recruitment plans	Six monthly safe staffing report	Six monthly

6.0 References and Bibliography

Policy was drafted with reference to the following:

- University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Nursing Associate Scope of Practice Policy
- National Quality Board (2018) Safe, sustainable and productive staffing.
 An improvement resource for the deployment of nursing associates in secondary care, London, NHSE.
- Nursing and Midwifery Council (2018a) Standards of Proficiency for Nursing Associates, London, NMC
- Nursing and Midwifery Council (2018b) The Code, London, NMC
- Advisory Guidance for the Administration of Medicines by Nursing Associates (2018) Health Education England in partnership with NHS England, NHSE, the Department of Health and Social Care, the Home Office
- NHS Employers (2023) Using nursing associate roles in the NHS.

7.0 Fraud, Bribery and Corruption consideration

The Trust has a zero-tolerance approach to fraud, bribery and corruption in all areas of our work and it is important that this is reflected through all policies and procedures to mitigate these risks.

- Fraud relates to a dishonest representation, failure to disclose information or abuse of
 position in order to make a gain or cause a loss. Bribery involves the giving or receiving
 of gifts or money in return for improper performance. Corruption relates to dishonest or
 fraudulent conduct by those in power.
- Any procedure incurring costs or fees or involving the procurement or provision of goods or service, may be susceptible to fraud, bribery, or corruption so provision should be made within the policy to safeguard against these.
- If there is a potential that the policy being written, amended or updated controls a procedure for which there is a potential of fraud, bribery, or corruption to occur you should contact the Trusts Local Counter Fraud Specialist (LCFS) for assistance.



Administration of Medicines by Registered Nursing Associates Standard Operating Procedure

Administration of Medicines must not be undertaken until the registered nursing associate has completed both the Administration of Medicines Workbook for Nursing Associates, a period of supervised practice and final practical assessment.

Administration Route	Nursing Associate	Additional Notes
ADULTS and children– Administer medicines – oral, buccal, sub-lingual, topical, PR, PV	YES	Supported by the Leicestershire Medicines Code (Includes PRN doses)
ADULTS and children - Check OR administer (IM) or Sub-cutaneous (SC) with a Registered Nurse (Community single administration/ check see Appendix 3)	YES	Supported by the Leicestershire Medicines Code (Includes PRN doses)
ADULTS and children - Administer medicines via a PEG tube	YES	National Directive – Enteral administration is a proficiency
ADULTS and children - Check OR administer Schedule 2 OR 3 Controlled drugs via oral, topical, SC and IM routes with a Registered Nurse	YES	Legally a Nursing Associate may administer a Schedule 2, 3 or 4 medicines under the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001, provided they are acting in accordance with the directions of an appropriately regulated prescriber.
Childrens - Check or administer medicines via a Nasogastric tube	YES	Diana service only
ADULTS and CHILDREN – Check subcutaneous fluids	YES	
ADULTS and CHILDREN - Check blood transfusions or blood components	NO	Nursing Associates can perform observations before, during and after the transfusion and notify any abnormal observations to nursing or medical staff.
ADULTS and CHILDREN - Check clear Intravenous fluids (IV)	NO	UHL/LPT Directive
ADULTS and CHILDREN - Administer medicines under a PGD or Discretionary medicine	NO	National Directive
ADULTS and CHILDREN Check or administer Intravenous medications for adults or children	NO	UHL Directive/LPT Directive
ADULTS - Check or administer medicines via a Nasogastric tube	NO	National / UHL/LPT Directive National steer is unclear regarding the term 'enteral' in the NA proficiencies.



Clinical Activities agreed to be in Scope of Practice for the Registered Nursing Associate at point of registration (including NMC Proficiencies)

NMC Standards of Proficiency for Nursing Associates (2018a) – Annex B Procedures to be undertaken by the Nursing Associate

- Demonstrate effective approaches to monitoring signs and symptoms of physical, mental, cognitive, behavioural and emotional distress deterioration and improvement.
- 2. Provide support in meeting the needs of people in relation to rest, sleep, comfort and the maintenance of dignity.
- 3. Provide care and support with hygiene and the maintenance of skin integrity.
- 4. Provide support with nutrition and hydration.
- 5. Provide support with maintaining bladder and bowel health.
- 6. Provide support with mobility and safety.

management of therapies and treatments

safeguarding policies and procedures.

nursing associates.

- 7. Provide support with respiratory care.
- 8. Preventing and managing infection
- 9. Meeting needs for care and support at the end of life.
- 10. Procedural competencies required for administering medicines safely.

Practical / Clinical Proficiencies as agreed by LPT to be undertaken by the Registered Nursing Associate at point of Registration a) Manage care under indirect supervision of a Registered Nurse, for an allocated group/caseload of patients. Provide timely provision of all aspects of fundamental care c) Promote independence and self-management of care according to an individual's potential. Undertake effective monitoring of an individual's condition. e) Interpret vital signs and implement appropriate actions as directed by a Registered Practitioner Identify and support the deteriorating adult patient, baby, child or young person and respond promptly in emergency situations. g) Assist with toileting providing bowel and catheter care, using continence products appropriately. h) Support the delivery and monitoring of nutrition and hydration using oral and enteral Promote mobility and contribute to falls prevention including falls risk assessment, post fall care and neurological observations. Observe and reassess skin integrity using SSKIN, Waterlow risk or Braden Q assessment and support ongoing tissue viability interventions. Complete wound dressings as planned by a Registered Nurse. Engage with admission assessments and documentation Support discharge planning and implementation Support appropriate patient transfer where relevant. o) Provide culturally sensitive end of life care, responding promptly to uncontrolled symptoms and signs of distress. Safe administration of medicines as detailed in appendix one Document care given and demonstrate effective record keeping Provide effective training for patients, families and carers to support self-care and

s) Act as 'buddy' coach and support teaching and assessment of non-registered staff and learners e.g., HCAs Care Apprentices, Pre-registration student nurses and trainee

Identifying and responding to safeguarding concerns as defined and outlined in the



Clinical Activities that can be undertaken only with Additional Education and **Competence Assessment** (WORK IN PROGRESS)

The registered nursing associate may already undertake some of the clinical activities listed below as part of a previous role for example as a HealthCare Support Worker (HCSW), Healthy Child Programme Support Worker (HCPSW) or Assistant Practitioner (AP) these skills are indicated by *. These skills require additional training, evidence of competency assessment should be provided.

- 1. The registered nursing associate can continue to perform these skills as part of their training and once registered as a nursing associate.
- 2. Some skills are area / speciality specific and may not be transferrable to other areas.
- 3. The level of additional training and assessment of competence will be discussed and agreed with the Lead Nurse and AHP group.

	/ 11\
General	/2II/
General	lalli

- Female catheterisation *
- Male catheterisation *
- Phlebotomy *

Appendix 3

- ECG recording *
- Bladder scanning *

Vital signs*	
CHS In-patients	CHS Community
 Oxygen therapy – as prescribed and once medicines administration signed off. Neurological observations 	 Neurological observations Single administration of insulin and Dalteparin Diabetic foot screen Patient baseline information gathering Pages 5/6 holistic template Hosiery 1 leg Hosiery 2 legs Bandaging 1 leg- short stretch i.e. Actico, Coban' only Bandaging 2 legs - short stretch i.e. Actico, Coban' only Bandaging 2 legs: wrap Doppler using MESI not handheld machine - Measurement not prescription of care. Lymphoedema where an ulcer is present – Wrap 1 and 2 legs. Pressure ulcer treatment/Prevention – Cat 1 and 2 Pressure ulcer treatment/Prevention – Cat 3, superficial only Pressure ulcer treatment/Prevention – sootl, less 5cm only Pressure ulcer treatment/Prevention – sootl, less 5cm only PUP collaborative care plan amendments – not prescription Wound care – review assessment, simple



 Wound care - Removal of clips/stitches Wound care - Simple 2x2cm Wound care - Simple 5x5cm Wound care - Simple 10x10cm
DMH MHSOP Community
LDA inpatients
Safe and Therapeutic observations Capturing the amount of the second of the seco
Seclusion observations Dishetia fact agrees
Diabetic foot screen
LDA Community
None identified as yet
FYPC Community
 Diana Service only Respiratory care including maintenance of an airway with an Nasopharyngeal airway / tracheostomy with or without mechanical ventilation. Suprapubic catheterisation. Intermittent female catheterisation. Healthy Together only Behaviour assessments using Solihull Theory Healthy Bladder/Bowel workshop delivery Healthy Bladder/Bowel Reviews



•	Lead and coordinate Public Health
	programmes for identified
	neighbourhoods.

- The promotion of breast feeding by working with peer supporters and offering advice
- Promotion of nutrition and healthy weight and obesity prevention in group setting or 121 follow up advice.
- Support National Childhood Measurement Programme (NCMP)
- Support for Post Natal depression
- Play work.
- Positive parenting programmes
- To assist with the compilation and updating of school public health profiles through data collection and collation and supporting the Health Child Programme team to participate in clinical audit/research as required.
- Deliver complex packages of care on a 121 basis e.g., teenage parents, domestic abuse, physical disability, working at Universal Partnership Plus level and may include working with partner agencies and attendance at core groups and case conferences in support of the named Public Health Nurse.
- Organise and implement delegated 2 year universal child development assessments
- Ensure there is safe transition for parents and children as they move through the Health Child Programme



Clinical Activities <u>must not</u> be undertaken by the Nursing Associate (WORK IN PROGRESS)

General (All areas)

- Primary Nursing Assessment, Diagnosis and Planning care (except CHS admission to caseload, pages 5/6 holistic template)
- Nurse in Charge
- IV Fluid and IV Medication administration or checking
- Nurse prescribing
- Administer medicines under a Patient Group Directive (PGD) or Discretionary medicines.
- Take verbal orders for medicines administration.
- Verifying expected death
- Seclusion observations 2 hourly nursing review
- Compression bandaging with long stretch i.e. K2'
- Cannulation
- Healthy together Cannot undertake the Universal HCP contacts at antenatal, new birth, 6 weeks, and 1 year or run advice clinics independently for children under 5 year



Appendix 5 Training Requirements

Training Needs Analysis

Training topic:	Trainee Nursing Associate Training				
Type of training: (See study leave policy)	 ☐ Mandatory (must be on mandatory training register) ☐ Role specific ☐ Personal development 				
Directorate to which the training is applicable:	 ☐ Mental Health ☐ Community Health Services ☐ Enabling Services ☐ Families Young People Children / Learning Disability Services ☐ Hosted Services 				
Staff groups who require the training:	Trainee Nursing Associates				
Regularity of Update requirement:	One off training				
Who is responsible for delivery of this training?	UHL/DMU				
Have resources been identified?	Yes				
Has a training plan been agreed?	Yes				
Where will completion of this training be recorded?	☐ ULearn ☐ Other (please specify) NMC				
How is this training going to be monitored?	TED				



Appendix 6 The NHS Constitution

- The NHS will provide a universal service for all based on clinical need, not ability to pay.
- The NHS will provide a comprehensive range of services.

Shape its services around the needs and preferences of individual patients, their families and their carers	V
Respond to different needs of different sectors of the population	\checkmark
Work continuously to improve quality services and to minimise errors	\checkmark
Support and value its staff	\checkmark
Work together with others to ensure a seamless service for patients	\checkmark
Help keep people healthy and work to reduce health inequalities	\checkmark
Respect the confidentiality of individual patients and provide open access to information about services, treatment and performance	V



Appendix 7 Due Regard Screening Template

Section 1							
Name of activity/proposal	Registered Nursing Associate - Scope of Practice Policy						
Date Screening commenced	18.08.23						
Directorate / Service carrying or	ut the	Enabling					
assessment							
Name and role of person under	taking	Jane Martin					
this Due Regard (Equality Analy	vsis)	Sano Maran					
Give an overview of the aims, objectives and purpose of the proposal:							
AIMS: This policy sets out Leicestershire Partnership NHS Trusts scope of practice for the registered nursing associate (RNA) role.							
OBJECTIVES: The policy defines the range of functions, responsibilities, and activities which the registered nursing associate is educated and authorised to perform.							
Section 2							
Protected Characteristic	If the proposal/s have a positive or negative impact, please give brief details						
Age	Positive						
Disability	Positive						
Gender reassignment	Positive						
Marriage & Civil Partnership	Positive						
Pregnancy & Maternity	Positive						
Race	Positive						
Religion and Belief	Positive						
Sex	Positive						
Sexual Orientation	Positive						
Other equality groups?	Positive						
Section 3							
Does this activity propose major there a clear indication that, alth from an equality group/s? Pleas	nough the propose	al is minor it is likely to h		· ·			
Yes			No				
High risk: Complete a full EIA st here to proceed to Part B	Low risk: Go to Section	on 4.					
Section 4							
If this proposal is low risk, pleas reached this decision:	If this proposal is low risk, please give evidence or justification for how you						
This Policy has positive impact on all protected characteristics							
Signed by reviewer/assessor		mati.	Date	18.08.23			
Sign off that this proposal is low risk and does not require a full Equality Analysis							
Head of Service Signed	22	Naus	Date	25.8.23			



Appendix 8 Data Privacy Impact Assessment Screening

Data Privacy impact assessment (DPIAs) are a tool which can help organisations identify the most effective way to comply with their data protection obligations and meet Individual's expectations of privacy.

The following screening questions will help the Trust determine if there are any privacy issues associated with the implementation of the Policy. Answering 'yes' to any of these questions is an indication that a DPIA may be a useful exercise. An explanation for the answers will assist with the determination as to whether a full DPIA is required which will require senior management support, at this stage the Head of Data Privacy must be involved.

Name of Document:	Registered Nursing As	sociate - So	cope of Practice Policy			
Completed by:	Jane Martin					
Completed by:	Danc Martin					
Job title	Assistant Director Nurs	sing and	Date 18.08.23			
Screening Questions		Yes/ No	Explanatory Note			
1. Will the process described the collection of new information in excess carry out the process described.	ation about individuals? s of what is required to	No				
Will the process described individuals to provide inform information in excess of what the process described within	d in the document compel ation about them? This is at is required to carry out in the document.	No				
3. Will information about ind organisations or people who routine access to the inform process described in this do	have not previously had ation as part of the cument?	No				
4. Are you using information purpose it is not currently us currently used?		No				
5. Does the process outlined the use of new technology was being privacy intrusive? I biometrics.	which might be perceived	No				
6. Will the process outlined decisions being made or ac individuals in ways which ca on them?	tion taken against	No t				
7. As part of the process out the information about individual likely to raise privacy conce examples, health records, conformation that people wou particularly private.	luals of a kind particularly rns or expectations? For riminal records or other	No				
8. Will the process require y ways which they may find in		No				
If the answer to any of these questions is 'Yes' please contact the Data Privacy Team via Lpt-dataprivacy@leicspart.secure.nhs.uk In this case, ratification of a procedural document will not take place until review by the Head of Data Privacy.						
Data Privacy approval name: Hannah Plowright						
Date of approval	18/08/2023					

Acknowledgement: This is based on the work of Princess Alexandra Hospital NHS Trust